

### Science/Policy interplay: Advance air quality measurements in Hong Kong in support of air quality improvements in the Pearl River Delta Region, China

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24<sup>th</sup> June 2014

## Outline

- Introduction
- ▶ PM<sub>2.5</sub> Monitoring in PRD and HK
- HK AQMS
- Recent PM<sub>2.5</sub> Studies and Findings



#### Vinnie Chong

Tuesday, September 25, 2007

leaner air quality means fewer people vill die or require hospitalization, acording to a leading pediatrics special-

Alfred Tam Yat-cheung, who is also he vice chairman of the Hong Kong sthma Society, said studies revealed eaths caused by air pollution per year a the city drops from 1,600 to 800 if he rating for clean air improves from verage to "good," rather than from av-

rage to "better." On the number of hospitalizations er year, it also drops from 64,000 bed ays to 36,000 bed days if the air im-

often directly lutants.

A surve Kwun Tong have more h those in Shi InKwu

of children and frequent sputum and asum "Air pollution especially affects children with chronic asthma," Tam

He added air pollution has been said. attributed to about three and four times

昭兩日維港**兩岸**總 都係反潔滑,錄明

cent in 1995 to 50 percent in 2004, ne has more man uou People could help prevent this by resaid. ducing the use of electricity, he said.



opment has been surveying read how to achieve better air quality for Hong Kong since June 2.

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### 2011年国内十大热词盘点(组图)

8. 可入肺颗粒物 PM2.5



2011年冬,全国很多地区出现雾霾天气,引发大众对悬浮在空气中的微小颗粒物有了更 多关注,PM2.5这样的专业名词成为网友关注的焦点。PM2.5是指大气中直径小于或等于2.5微 米的颗粒物,是导致雾霾天气和空气污染的重要因素。与较粗的大气颗粒物相比,PM2.5粒径 小 宣令七星的有害 有害物质且在大气中的停留时间长、输送距离远,对人体健康和大气 环境质量的影响更大

### WE CARE The Pearl River Delta Region Guangdong, Hong Kong & Macao

### **Urban** and Natural Environments



# Air Quality Why We Must Care

### "Air pollution is a leading environmental cause of **Cancer**"



17 October 2013, WHO





### **Smoggy** days – cleaning up is to care



### Our **Urban** experience – air, congestion, health



## Marine emission and port cities



### Everyone should care about air quality



### An expression of our care

1. DCV Replace 80,000+ (2014-2019) 2. SCR for diesel franchised buses (2014-2015) 3. Catalytic converter LPG taxis/PLB (20,000+ 2013-2014)

4. OGV Fuel switch at berth (2015)

5. Cleaner fuel for local ships (2014)

6. Mainland cooperation

7. IMO Emission Control Area

8. Fuel mix change for electricity

Science Ships and Ports Industry Energy

### To **Collaborate** is to care

2. Air pollutants emitted on land surface around the Pearl River Delta Estuary would slosh around in the region.

1. The sun heats the land more than the water surfaces and causes air to rise over land (red) and sink over water (blue); forming the schematised circulation.  3. Air pollution level can be built up to high levels when local dispersion is weak.



g and Pearl River Delta satellite image map



Fuel mix change, energy efficiency and green buildings

		НК	HK	WHO AQGs				China	
2012	Averaging time	Existing AQOs	Proposed New AQOs	IT-1	IT-2	IT-3	AQGs	2001	2012
SO2	10-min		500	500					
	1-hr	800						500	500
	24-hr	350	125	125	5	0	20	150	150
	Annual	80						60	60
RSP	24-hr	180	100	150	100	75	50	150	150
(PM10)	Annual	55	50	70	50	30	20	100	70
FSP	24-hr		75	75	50	37.5	25		75
(PM2.5)	Annual		35	35	25	15	10		35
NO <sub>2</sub>	1-hr	300	200	2			200	240	200
	24-hr	150						120	80
	Annual	80	40				40	80	40
<b>O</b> <sub>3</sub>	8-hr		160	160 100			100		160
	1-hr	240						200	200

### PM2.5 数据零时公布。

http://news.gd.sina.com.cn 2012 年 03 月 08 日 06:08 南方网 -

摘要:根据广东省环保厅的要求, 珠三角 17 个城市监测点从今天开始公布

環評與規劃 、6

空氣:過去24小時污染物濃度

空氣
空氣質素指標
空氣污染指數與空 氣質素
室內空氣質素
保護臭氧層
問題與解決方案
資料與統計數字
公眾諮詢
研究報告
指引與參考資料
進階搜尋
Get Adobe Reader
COLUMN STATEMENT AND ADDRESS

28.0.4.ISB

香港的環境。

主頁

		_			-						
中環											
日期及時間	二氧化	臭氧	二氧化 硫	一氧化 碳	可吸入 懸浮粒 子	徵細 懸浮 粒子					
2012年10月26日 16:00	174.3	21.2	9.7	931.5	62.2	45.0					
2012年10月26日 15:00	157.0	27.0	10.5	828.0	68.4	47.1					
2012年10月26日 14:00	152.8	29.6	11.8	828.0	52.9	34.4					
2012年10月26日 13:00	166.4	21.4	12.1	862.5	56.1	32.3					
2012年10月26日 12:00	153.0	21.6	11.5	908.5	53.2	31.4					
2012年10月26日 11:00	159.8	19.6	12.3	1069.5	55.7	30.4					
2012年10月26日 10:00	149.3	22.9	10.7	805.0	54.1	30.8					
2012年10月26日 09:00	148.9	21.2	10.0	724.5	59.2	35.5					
2012年10月26日 08:00	126.1	31.8	10.0	598.0	54.2	34.2					
2012年10月26日 07:00	85.0	56.8	13.1	563.5	53.6	28.8					
2012年10月26日 06:00	50.0	84.5	12.8	529.0	54.5	32.2					
2012年10月26日 05:00	44.9	90.9	12.1	471.5	46.1	26.3					
2012年10月26日 04:00	55.5	80.8	13.6	517.5	50.3	25.2					
2012年10月26日 03:00	69.6	79.8	11.5	540.5	43.0	21.5					
2012年10月26日 02:00	94.4	57.0	12.3	644.0	47.5	24.8					

毕)记者从广东省环保厅了解到,目前广东
2.5监测工作将分三步实施:2012
臭氧在内的六项主要空气污染物指标监测工
环保模范城市开展监测;2014年,全省

推荐 🚺 字号

已经在今天零时公布。↓

分享

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RSS 师道 RSS

中環

**丹**友善列印

或大气科学研究中心首席专家钟流举介绍, 式的原则,依法、有序地做好发布工作。在 贡量监测网将率先进行监测评价并向社会公 监测能力后,也将及时对外公布监测结果;

 5 微米的颗粒物,也称为可入肺颗粒 然烧、机动车排气、建筑扬尘以及冶金水泥 度必须大幅调整能源结构和产业结构,加快 车用燃油品质,逐步淘汰黄标车。

## PM2.5 Trend in HK (1998–2012)



## PRD Regional Air Quality Monitoring



### Regional Air Quality Monitoring Network (PRD RAQMN)



Tian

## HK-PRD RAQI & AQHI



I II III IV V 等級

## Air Quality Monitoring in Hong Kong

### Air Quality Monitoring Network of Hong Kong



#### General Air Quality Monitoring Station HK Supersites Air Quality Monitoring Programme



## PM<sub>2.5</sub> monitoring equipments



## **Balance Lab**



#### Positively pressurized 正压

24 hr air conditioned 24小时空调

Equipped with high-efficiency particulate air filter 配备高效率微粒过滤器

Temperature: 20 – 23 ℃ (±2 ℃) 温度: 20 – 23 度 (±2度)

Humidity: 30 - 40 % (±5%) 湿度:30 - 40 % (±5%)

Microbalance readability & repeatability: ± 1µg 天平可读性和可重复性:±1微克

## **PM Monitoring in Supersites Programme**





Intercomparisons 数据/监测仪器比对



Technical training 技术培训



-HCI -HNO2 -KSO2 -KSO4 -HNO3

#### Real-time monitoring and data analyses 实时监测及数据分析

## PM2.5 Study

### PM<sub>2.5</sub> Speciation Study in Hong Kong 《香港PM<sub>2.5</sub>组分分析研究》 and 及 Integrated Data Analysis and Characterization of Particulate Matter in Hong Kong 《香港颗粒物数据及特性综合分析》

## Source Profile 污染源成分谱



## PM<sub>2.5</sub> Source Contribution Percentages



- Vehicular Exhaust 汽车废气
- Residual Oil Combustion 海上油渣燃烧
- ■Soil 泥土
- Fresh Sea Salt 海盐(新)
- Secondary Sulfate 硫酸盐(二次转化)
- Secondarv Nitrate 硝酸盐(二次转化)
- Biomass Burning 生物质燃烧
- ■Trace Metals 微量金属

### Annual Variation of PM<sub>2.5</sub> Source Contributions (µg/m<sup>3</sup>) PM<sub>25</sub>(2001 to 2009)



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## **Back Trajectory Analysis**

- East Coast of China, rela moving (ECC Fast) 沿中国东岸 – 移动速度较)
- East Coast of China, relation
   moving (ECC Slow)
   沿中國东岸 移动速度较
- ▶ East 来自东方
- South/Southwest (S/S) 来自南及西南方
- ▶ Stagnant 停滯



## **Back Trajectory Analysis**



- East Coast of China, relatively fast moving (ECC Fast) 沿中国东岸 – 移动速度较快
- East Coast of China, relatively slow moving (ECC Slow)
   沿中国东岸 移动速度较慢
- East 来自东方

- South/Southwest (S/SW) 来自南及西南方
- Stagnant 停滞

### **Graphical Illustration of the PM Conceptual Model**



## **Biodiversity** - We care

about Humans and other Living Things

#### **Convention on Biological Diversity (Strategy & Action Plan 2015)**



September 2013: AE Special issue Improving Regional AQ over PRD and Hong Kong; from Science to Policy

## ATMOSPHERIC ENVIRONMENT

Special Issue: Improving Regional Air Quality over the Pearl River Delta and Hong Kong: from Science to Policy

> Guest Editors P.K.K. Louie, L. Zhong, J.A. Zheng and A.K.H. Lau

> > Overseeing Editor C.K. Chan

## 25 peer-review articles on AQ science in PRD & HK

- Emission Inventories
- Air Quality Trends
- Health Impacts
  - Epidemiological studies
  - Air Quality Health Index
- Source Apportionment
  - Receptor modeling
- Secondary Transformations in the atmosphere
- Air Quality Modeling
  - Episode Analysis
  - Policy Formulation & Evaluation
- Marine Emissions: an example of science / policy interplay
- Air Quality and Climate

The Fourth International Workshop on Regional Air Quality Management in Rapidly Developing Economic Regions

14-17 January 2014, Hong Kong, China The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology







#### Focus:

- Direction of Air Quality Science Research and Air Control Policy Priorities in the next 5 to 10 years
- Over 300 participants from 13 countries

#### **Recommendations:**

- Health-based AQM
- Rapid urbanization / knowledge Gap
   More research on exposure sci.
- Capacity Building

Hao et al. (2014): Highlights from the 4<sup>th</sup> International Workshop on Regional Air Quality Management in Rapidly Developing Economic Regions. J. Air Waste Manage. Assoc. 64(3), 40-42.

## Conclusion 总結 (1)

- Increased concern of PM<sub>2.5</sub> in China and HK
- Governments (China, PRD & HK) responses fast
- Regional efforts are very important

## Conclusion 总結 (2)

- The regional scale Air Quality Monitoring Network in PRD and HK could effectively monitoring the pollution problems and trends 具规模及品质保证的粤港珠江三角洲空气监控网络及香 港空气质素监测网络能有效地反映污染情况
- In-depth scientific investigations could support the evaluation of pollution control measures and formulation of air quality management policies 深入的科学研究有助了解污染的成因并制定有效的减排 措施及空气质素管理政策

# Thank You ! 谢谢